

Hoskins Report Arabs & Jews Make Peace!



Chapter 229

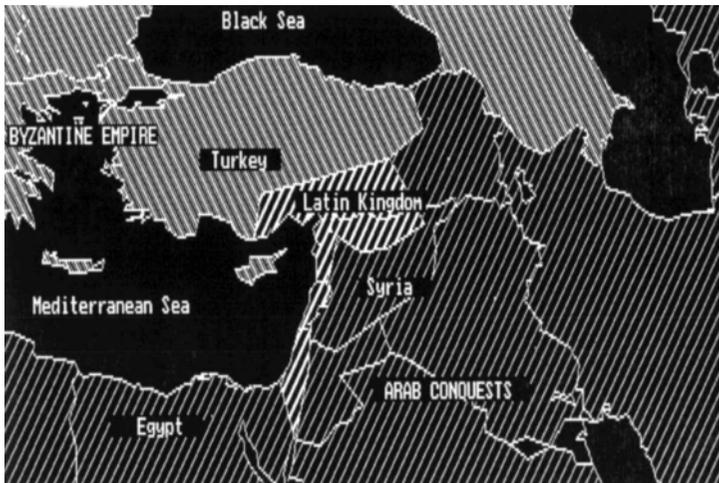
The Hoskins Report Chapter 229

Arabs & Jews Make Peace!

"Peace in our time!" "Israel, PLO sign peace accord!"
"Rabin, Arafat join hands at White House."

The Arab Invasion

ROME WAS THE GREATEST EMPIRE IN THE WORLD. ITS CAPITOL WAS ROME. Emperor Constantine built a new city between the Black Sea and the Mediterranean Sea and gave it his name - Constantinople. Profiting from the trade with Russia, the Mid-east and Africa, this new trading centre became the wealthy capitol of the Eastern half of the Roman Empire consisting of Greece, Southern Russia, Turkey, Palestine, Egypt, and much of North Africa. It was far more profitable and powerful than the Western half of the Roman Empire whose capitol was Rome.



LATIN KINGDOM OF THE CRUSADERS

The furthest limits of Crusader's Latin Kingdom, c. 1128. After conquering Turkey the Crusaders were forced to give it up to Constantinople

because of earlier agreements between the Catholic Pope and the Emperor of Constantinople, who was also head of the Eastern Orthodox Church.

With the passage of time, the population of Greece, Macedonia, and Southern Russia changed as a peaceful migration of Slavic immigrants settled vacant land in Macedonia and Greece. The empire of Constantinople gradually became predominately Slavic. Even the royal family changed as marriages were made with some of the more powerful Slavic and Turkish rulers of their eastern and northeastern neighbours. In the Roman manner, Constantinople's emperor was also its religious head. He led what is now known as the Eastern Orthodox Church. It had become a state religion - the church of the Slavs. It still is.

Then, out of the forbidding deserts of Arabia came mounted invaders. These fierce warriors quickly conquered Palestine, Syria, Egypt, North Africa, and then Turkey. All that was left of the vast territories of Constantinople's empire was the city of Constantinople, Greece, some land in Southern Russia, and a beachhead in Turkey. The land that was lost had produced bountiful rents and tithes to the church. It was a disaster. Constantinople's religious and temporal emperor saw that he could not regain the lost portion of his empire by himself, so he humbled himself and begged his western counterpart, the Roman Pope, to come to his aid. The actual arrangements between these two holy men were secret, and not confided to those who were to do the actual fighting.

The Crusades

The Catholic Pope of Rome not only ruled the Catholic world - he **OWNED** the Catholic world. He went to France preaching a Crusade to his noble tenants. His noble rulers held their land in fief to him, and managed it FOR him. As landlord and owner, he explained that he expected them to take their tenants, vassals, and knights, and at their own expense go to far away Palestine to fight an alien people whom they did not know - or he would fire them and hire someone else to manage his fiefs. Their reward would be vast rich manors, counties, towns and cities that they would conquer and rule, and the vast treasure taken from the infidel.

The story that was told to their future widows and orphans was that their men were going on a "holy mission" to free the tomb of Jesus from the grip of the Infidel and if they met an "untimely end" in the process, they would have a free pass straight to heaven. This came directly from God's earthly representative.

This was a persuasive argument. Tens of thousands volunteered. The battle cry, "God Wills It!" rose from the misty valleys of Europe as yeomen went home and put new strings on their bows, knights and squires gathered their seven man battle teams, barons gathered their companies and regiments, earls formed up their divisions, and kings led their armies and began a holy march, each man with a distinctive cross sewn on his tunic, and banners flying over all.

Secret Weapons

These "volunteers" had two secret weapons that gave them success. The first - technological superiority. The knights were almost completely encased in mail, and, their martial training was superior to anything the Arabs had ever encountered. A handful of crusaders, almost invulnerable to the blows of their enemies, were often more than a match for many times their number of Arab opponents.

Second - they were united - in cause and organization. By Western standards, the usual chaos reigned, but by eastern standards where every man's hand is perpetually against his brother, the Crusaders were seen as the fingers of an invincible mailed fist[1].

Constantinople & The Crusaders

The approach of "friendly" but massive Crusader armies caused apprehension at Constantinople. They shut the gates of the city and manned the walls when they saw the flash of steel on armour in the distance. They did all they could to get the Crusader armies away from Constantinople and over the Bosphrus waterway into Turkey as fast as they could, and, they weren't overly polite in the process. The Crusaders thought of themselves as "fighters for God" - unpaid "liberators." The Slavic Empire of Constantinople thought of them as hired mercenaries.

There were other irritations. The Crusaders were "Catholic- Christian," the people of Constantinople were "Orthodox- Christian." Most Crusaders were Nordic-Westerners - the Eastern Empire was mostly Slav. Most Crusaders spoke French - the empire spoke Greek. There was ample room for misunderstanding. The Crusaders felt that they had a savage Arab enemy in front, and a treacherous Orthodox "Christian" enemy behind them. At least they had learned that much.

Conquest Of Jerusalem

Before the Crusaders arrived, the Mid-east had just suffered another invasion - this time by the Seljuk Turks. The former political governments had been shattered. Every city and town was essentially on its own, and had become the headquarters of a local emir who warred for supremacy against his neighbours. There was conflict all over the Mid-east too as it fought to determine who was to rule the whole. The entire area was a seething cauldron - everyone fought, schemed, plotted, and warred against his neighbour. The Crusade marched into this pandemonium.

The local village or city finding itself directly in the path of the Crusader advance saw the Crusaders as an unstoppable steamroller. Many made desperate efforts to come to terms with them, but often found them hardheaded and obstinate. Most simply fled. A few fought. There was no help forthcoming from other Arabs. The Crusader advance ponderously crawled its way across Turkey, occupied this vast region, and flowed on down into Palestine.

It was then that they were confronted with a nasty surprise. The vast land of Turkey that they had just conquered was not to be there's. Their holy leader, the Catholic Pope, had promised re-conquered Turkey to Constantinople as part of their private arrangement. The mutiny of the entire army was narrowly avoided by calling on the Crusaders' religious zeal and by promising them that anything else they conquered was theirs - almost everything - that is.

All final decisions of any importance still had to receive the pope's[2] consent. Jerusalem was a major terminal for the spice trade from the

Orient. Its walls were strong. The Arab defenders felt confident that they could withstand any assault. They were quickly disillusioned. The Crusaders went over the walls like a tidal wave, stormed Jerusalem, and put its population to the sword. Orthodox priests were driven from the holy churches and Catholic priests were installed. From this time the substantial gifts given by the hordes of Christians on their "required pilgrimages" went directly into the coffers of Rome instead of Constantinople. The "protection money" paid by the caravans from the Orient went to those providing the protection. The church first, so that it would bless the trade so that it could take place, then the Crusader kings who guarded the trade cursed by God but blessed by his own religious leader[3].

Settlers

The newly conquered rich but arid Holy Land needed the same thing that hell needs - some water and a few good men. Water came from God, but the new Crusader Latin Kingdom also required substantial numbers of Christian settlers from the West in order to remain strong. "Disobedience" kept this from happening. The Pope claimed the conquered land[4 Fully nine-tenths of the Crusaders, who wanted to stay, fight, and send for their families to join them, were forced to return to Europe for lack of land to settle on and live. This turned away hundreds of thousands of potential settlers. This foolish disobedience to the **WORD** was a major disaster to this massive Church effort.

Arab Warfare - Against Fools

The priests "selected by God" abdicated their exalted stations and allowed self-proclaimed frauds to lead thousands astray - because "god said so." Peter the Hermit led a Crusade made up of children and women, protected by a few knights. He said that God told him that the purity of the youth and the women would conquer all. The Arabs lay in wait and a cloud of arrows darkened the sun and fell on the few hundred knights who were marching without armour in the scorching hot weather, and slew them. The boys and women were made captive and were sold in Arab slave markets to satisfy bizarre Turkish sexual appetites.

Another Crusader army came to a fork on the the road to Palestine. One followed the path taken by an earlier Christian army. The other lead to Arab treasure cities - their guide said. They took his word and followed the latter road that led into the desert. The entire army died of thirst.

The wiles of Turks made them masters at making the small Christian armies become still smaller by persuading them to split up. They then attacked the small isolated segments with overwhelming strength. Often they were successful. But even when they failed it was better to face a small Christian force than one that was intact.

Arab Warfare - Disinformation

The Arab-Turks worked with "Orthodox-Christians" to spread rumours among the Crusaders. One such rumour told of a nearby town full of treasure. A flying column was sent to seize it. The town fell with no resistance, but they found no treasure. Immediately a great Arab army appeared outside the city and cut off their retreat. The treasure story had led the Crusader force into a trap. The city had no source of water and now the attackers were besieged. In a week they staggered out to fight their way to water. Every man died.

Crusaders knew everything that happened within their line of sight. Often they were ignorant of important events just over the hills a few miles away. The Turks used carrier pigeons. Every act of the Crusaders from Alexandria to Constantinople was known to them within hours. Nothing has changed.

Arab Warfare - Balak Plan

As the Crusaders consolidated their conquests, and Western settlers were turned away, Arab refugees were allowed to return to the cities and towns they had vacated. Initially they were submissive, but then became unruly as they became more familiar with Christian ways. Many Christian rulers found that their dusky subjects accepted them quicker if they married a local girl[5]. The offspring of these unions were Turks - not Christian[6]. These "Christian" offspring were Christian in name only. They were

actually an alien nation being created in the midst of the Christian nation. They plotted, schemed, and back-stabbed with the best of them[7].

Arab Warfare - Mixed Alliances

As the Crusaders settled into their new conquests, many put aside their swords and made offensive / defensive treaties with nearby Turkish emirs[8]. When a local war broke out, the histories tell us of battles being fought with the right wing of one army containing Turks under their crescent banners, their centre composed of Crusaders under their flags with crosses, and the left wing formed from another allied Turkish force. Their enemy would be another mixed army composed of Turks and Christians. Christians killed Christians[9].

The descendants of the Crusaders had adapted to the ways of the infidel and had become like them. Their Christian comrades tolerated this insult to God. Not only was the Crusade not "sanctified," but the men of pure and holy vision had also become corrupted. They too were un-sanctified[10].

Many of the offspring were no longer in the image of their God, so the God of their fathers once more raised up a champion to destroy his disobedient creation[11].

God Destroys His Creation

A young ruler came to power in Egypt. A son of Islam. He was devout, savvy, and generous - something seldom seen in the Mid-east. When he died, hardly a handful of silver remained in his treasury, he had given the rest to the needy. He was also gracious, kind, and forgiving - to friend and foe alike. His name was Saladin.

He was true to Allah while Christian rulers were untrue to the **WORD**. Saladin forgave many Turks who had been his enemies and accepted them as his friends. He freed Christian prisoners who were poor without requiring them to pay ransoms, rather than enslave them. His counterpart, Richard the Lionhearted of England, insulted his God by offering his sister to Saladin's brother for a wife. Richard's sister, a better woman

than Richard was a man, sailed away in a rage. It was Richard who decided one day to kill his Islamic captives, and he did[12]. Saladin responded in kind.

Saladin was quick-witted - and hard when he needed to be. In time, one by one his opponents came before him, and by one means or another, ancient enemies were made to take his hand. The Latin Kingdom of the Crusaders was then confronted with a united Islam - Turks and Arabs, brothers in Allah - united against the "infidel" Crusaders. Saladin led the Islamic tidal wave. The new wave of advancing Turks in their rear - the Mongol invaders from the steppes - saw that Islam was to be the winner, and they switched from their Christian religion to that of Islam.

The Crusaders fought desperately - but to no avail. Their own God had determined to destroy them. One by one their cities and possessions were crushed. Many asked for mercy from Saladin and received it in "the name of Allah, the compassionate." Others fell to deception. Even Krak, the iron fortress that withstood countless assaults, fell when its defenders were deceived by a faked message ordering them to evacuate their castle.

Conclusion

God is to be feared. The WORD tells us to "Fear God and keep his commandments. " God said that he will destroy a faithless and disobedient creation - and he will. He has done it before, he will do it again. Already he has brought disease, hurricanes, floods, and strangers to eat out our substance and steal our children. If Israel continues disobedient - God will raise up a champion to bring the sword as he raised up Nebuchadnezzar and Saladin. He said he would do it - and he will. Today - the newspapers proclaim that Ottoman-Turk converts to Islam are shaking hands with Khazar-Turk converts to Judaism. Christendom would be advised to use the time left to Sanctify itself. The last time Turks shook hands and made peace among themselves - Christendom paid with a river of blood.



**THE NEW CHRISTIAN CRUSADE
CHURCH**

CALLING THE PEOPLE OF BRITAIN

At last the bible makes sense!

At last we know its meaning.

Its the book of the RACE



Notes

1) "Organization" dictated by the **WORD**, and God's "inventions" given his people for defence, are the two weapons that have protected Westerners down through the centuries. Absence of the **WORD** to direct, and sale of God-given weapon-ideas to strangers to be used in time against them causes the destruction of God's people.

2) "Jesus Christ ... hath made us kings and priests unto God and his Father. " Rev 1:5,6. Anyone other than "the **WORD** made flesh" ruling over man will misrule man. Man is not permitted to delegate his job of "king" and "priest" to another. God appointed the individual man and the individual man alone to rule. Unscriptural kings and priests doomed the Crusades from the start. The **WORD** requires armies of "volunteers" - only. The Church "drafted" men for the Crusades to take back Church lands. It was anything but a "volunteer" undertaking. Injustice abounded.

3) (1) "Ye shall make no league with the inhabitants of this land. "Judges 2:2. (2) "Thou shall make no covenant with them." **Deut 7:2**.

4) The Catholic Church said that under "Constantine's Bequest" all lands owned by the Emperor Constantine and his Empire was given by him to the Church. Centuries later the bequest was admitted to be fraudulent.

5) (1) "I am the Lord your God, which have separated you from other people. " Lev 20:24. (2) "Let them marry... only to the family of the tribe of their father. " Numbers 36:6. (3) "If ye do in any wise... make marriages with them ... ye (shall) perish. " Joshua 23:12-13. (4) "They have dealt treacherously against the Lord: for they have begotten strange (Heb: 2114 zûwr - racial alien) children." Hosea 5:7.

6) "A bastard (Heb: mamzêr - mixed breed, mongrel) shall not enter into the congregation of the Lord (Israel). "Deut. 23:2 (Margin note by the reformers in Geneva Bible 1599) "This was to cause them to live chastely, that their posterity might not be rejected."

7) A copy of the "Balak Plan" will be sent free to those sending a self-addressed envelope to Va Pub Co, PO Box 997, Lynchburg, VA 24505

8) "And ye shall make no league with the inhabitants of this land." Judges 2:2.

9) "Thus saith the Lord God... because thou has... slain thy brethren of thy father 's house ... behold, with a great plague will the Lord smite thy people, and thy children." **II Cron 21:12-14**

10) "To sanctify God .—to reverence his character and laws." Is viii.... "God hath from the beginning chosen you to salvation, through sanctification of the Spirit and belief of the truth." 2 Thess. ii. 1 Pet i (ED: No "sanctification - no salvation) American Dictionary Of The English Language. Noah Webster 1828

11) **MAN:** Heb: Adam 119 - "to show blood(in the lace), ie: to Hush or turn rosy: - be (dyed, made) red(ruddy). Strong's Concordance. (1) "God created man. in the likeness of God made he him: Male and female created he them, and called their name Adam. " Gen 5:1-2. (2) "In the day when God created man (Adam), he implanted in him his passions and inclinations, and... set his mind on a throne amidst the senses to be his sacred guide in all things: and to the mind he gave the Law, by which if a man order himself he shall reign over a kingdom that is temperate, and just, and virtuous, and brave. " 4 Maccabees 1:48

12) Man (Heb: Adam) is to rule justly.

